

**ONE THING IS NEEDFUL;**  
OR  
**SERIOUS MEDITATIONS UPON THE FOUR LAST THINGS:**  
**DEATH, JUDGMENT, HEAVEN, AND HELL**  
UNTO WHICH IS ADDED  
**EBAL AND GERIZZIM, OR THE BLESSING AND THE CURSE,**  
THE THIRD EDITION.—BY JOHN BUNYAN.

London: Printed for Nath. Ponder, at the Peacock in the Poultry, 1688.<sup>1</sup>

**ADVERTISEMENT BY THE EDITOR.**

According to Charles Doe, in that curious sheet called *The Struggler for the Preservation of Mr. John Bunyan's Labours*, these poems were published about the year 1664, while the author was suffering imprisonment for conscience sake, very probably in separate sheets or tracts, to be sold by his wife or children, to aid in their humble maintenance. They were afterwards united to form a neat little volume, 32 mo. The editor is the fortunate possessor of the third edition, being the last that was printed during the author's lifetime, and with his latest corrections. From this the present edition has been accurately reprinted. The three tracts are distinct as to pages; a strong indication that they were originally separate little volumes. A copy of the fourth edition of this extremely rare book, without date, and somewhat larger in size, is in the British Museum, in which the pages are continued throughout the volume.

These poems are upon subjects the most solemn and affecting to all mankind, and, like all Bunyan's other works, were evidently written, not for display, but to impress upon the heart those searching realities upon which

depend our everlasting destiny. Die we must; yes, reader, you and I must follow our fathers to the unseen world. Heaven forbid that we should be such mad fools, as to make no provision for the journey; no inquiries about our prospects in that eternity into which we must so soon enter. True it is, that unless Heaven stops us in our mad career, we shall plunge into irretrievable ruin.

In the first of these poems, many of the minute circumstances attendant on death are pressed upon the memory. Very soon, as Bunyan awfully expresses the thought, we must look death in the face, and 'drink with him.' Soon some kind friend or relative will close our eyelids, and shut up our glassy eyes for ever; tie up the fallen jaw, and prepare the corrupting body for its long, but not final resting-place. Our hour-glass is fast ebbing out; time stands ready with his scythe to cut us down; the grave yawns to receive us. 'Man dieth and wasteth away; yea, man giveth up the ghost, and where is he' (Job 14:10). The answer is ready, sure, certain—he goes to the judgment of the great day. There every thought that has passed over his mind, while on earth, will be manifested and

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<sup>1</sup> On the reverse of the title-page is the following singular advertisement:— 'This author having published many books, which have gone off very well, there are certain ballad-sellers about Newgate, and on London Bridge, who have put the two first letters of this author's name, and his effigies, to their rhymes and ridiculous books, suggesting to the world as if they were his. Now know, that this author publisheth his name at large to all his books; and what you shall see otherwise, he disowns.'—Ed.

scrutinized; every action, every sin, and every supposed good work, however private, will then be published. It is an awful thought. Thousands of works which are thought good will be weighed in the unerring balances of truth, will be found wanting, and proved to be bad, not arising from evangelical motives; while all our thoughts, words, and actions will appear in their real colours tainted by sin. Those only who are clothed in the Redeemer's righteousness, and cleansed by his purifying, sanctifying sufferings, can stand accepted, and will receive the invitation, Come, ye blessed, inherit the kingdom of your father, and your God, by adoption into his family; while an innumerable multitude will be hurried away by the voice of the judge, Go, ye cursed, into everlasting torment. Solemn consideration. Reader, have you fled for refuge to the hope set

before you in the gospel? Have you felt the alarm in your soul under a sense of sin and judgment? Were you dead, and are you made alive? O, then, while you bless the Saviour for such unspeakable mercies, seek with all diligence, as life is prolonged, to extend the blessing to others. There is no work nor device in the grave, whither we are all hastening, that can benefit mortals. The great gulf will be fixed, and our state be finally decided for eternity. O, then, if you have not yet attained that good hope of heavenly felicity, sure and steadfast—hasten—yes,

'Hasten, O sinner, to be blest  
And stay not for the morrow's sun;  
For fear the curse should thee arrest  
Before the morrow be begun.'  
GEO. OFFOR.

## ONE THING IS NEEDFUL,

OR

### SERIOUS MEDITATIONS UPON THE FOUR LAST THINGS— DEATH, JUDGMENT, HEAVEN, AND HELL

#### AN INTRODUCTION TO THE ENSUING DISCOURSE.

1. These lines I at this time present  
To all that will them heed,  
Wherein I show to what intent  
God saith, Convert<sup>2</sup> with speed.
2. For these four things come on apace,  
Which we should know full well,  
Both death and judgment, and, in place  
Next to them, heaven and hell.
3. For doubtless man was never born  
For this life and no more:  
No, in the resurrection morn  
They must have weal or woe.

4. Can any think that God should take  
That pains, to form a man  
So like himself, only to make  
Him here a moment stand?
5. Or that he should make such ado,  
By justice, and by grace;  
By prophets and apostles too,  
That men might see his face?
6. Or that the promise he hath made,  
Also the threatenings great,  
Should in a moment end and fade?  
O! no, this is a cheat.
7. Besides, who is so mad, or worse,  
To think that Christ should come  
From glory, to be made a curse,  
And that in sinners' room,
8. If nothing should by us be had  
When we are gone from hence,  
But vanities, while here? O mad  
And foolish confidence.

<sup>2</sup> 'Convert,' for 'be ye converted,' was a common mode of speech in Bunyan's time. It is so used in Holy Writ, Isaiah 6:10.—Ed.

9. Again, shall God, who is the truth,  
Say there is heaven and hell  
And shall men play that trick of youth  
To say, But who can tell?
10. Shall he that keeps his promise sure  
In things both low and small,  
Yet break it like a man impure,  
In matters great'st of all?
11. O, let all tremble at that thought,  
That puts on God the lie,  
That saith men shall turn unto nought  
When they be sick and die.
12. Alas, death is but as the door  
Through which all men do pass,  
To that which they for evermore  
Shall have by wrath or grace.
13. Let all therefore that read my lines,  
Apply them to the heart:  
Yea, let them read, and turn betimes,  
And get the better part.
14. Mind therefore what I treat on here,  
Yea, mind and weigh it well;  
'Tis death and judgment, and a clear  
Discourse of heaven and hell.

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OF DEATH

1. Death, as a king rampant and stout  
The world he dare engage;  
He conquers all, yea, and doth rout  
The great, strong, wise, and sage.
2. No king so great, nor prince so strong,  
But death can make to yield,  
Yea, bind and lay them all along,  
And make them quit the field.
3. Where are the victors of the world,  
With all their men of might?  
Those that together kingdoms hurl'd,  
By death are put to flight.
4. How feeble is the strongest hand,  
When death begins to gripe!  
The giant now leaves off to stand,  
Much less withstand and fight.
5. The man that hath a lion's face  
Must here give place and bend,  
Yea, though his bones were bars of brass,  
'Tis vain here to contend.

6. Submit he must to feeble ones,  
To worms who will enclose  
His skin and flesh, sinews and bones,  
And will thereof dispose
7. Among themselves, as merchants do  
The prizes they have got;  
Or as the soldiers give unto  
Each man the share and lot,
8. Which they by dint of sword have won,  
From their most daring foe;  
While he lies by as still as stone,  
Not knowing what they do.
9. Beauty death turns to rottenness,  
And youth to wrinkled face;  
The witty he brings to distress,  
And wantons to disgrace.
10. The wild he tames, and spoils the mirth  
Of all that wanton are,  
He takes the worldling from his worth,  
And poor man from his care.
11. Death favours none, he lays at all,  
Of all sorts and degree;  
Both old and young, both great and small,  
Rich, poor, and bound, and free.
12. No fawning words will flatter him,  
Nor threat'nings make him start;  
He favours none for worth or kin,  
All must taste of his dart.
13. What shall I say? the graves declare  
That death shall conquer all;  
There lie the skulls, dust, bones, and there  
The mighty daily fall.
14. The very looks of death are grim  
And ghastly to behold;  
Yea, though but in a dead man's skin,  
When he is gone and cold.
15. How 'fraid are some of dead men's beds,  
And others of their bones;  
They neither care to see their heads,  
Nor yet to hear their groans.
16. Now all these things are but the shade  
And badges of his coat;<sup>3</sup>  
The glass that runs, the scythe and spade,  
Though weapons more remote:

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<sup>3</sup> Armorial bearings as now worn by heralds embroidered on the tabard or coat.—Ed.

17. Yet such as make poor mortals shrink  
 And fear, when they are told,  
 These things are signs that they must drink  
 With death; O then how cold.
18. It strikes them to the heart! how do  
 They study it to shun!  
 Indeed who can bear up, and who  
 Can from these shakings run?
19. But how much more then when he comes  
 To grapple with thy heart;  
 To bind with thread thy toes and thumbs,<sup>4</sup>  
 And fetch thee in his cart?
20. Then will he cut thy silver cord,  
 And break thy golden bowl;  
 Yea, break that pitcher which the Lord  
 Made cabin for thy soul.
21. Thine eyes, that now are quick of sight,  
 Shall then no way espy  
 How to escape this doleful plight,  
 For death will make thee die.
22. Those legs that now can nimbly run,  
 Shall then with faintness fail  
 To take one step, death's dart to shun,  
 When he doth thee assail.
23. That tongue that now can boast and brag  
 Shall then by death be tied  
 So fast, as not to speak or wag,  
 Though death lies by thy side.
24. Thou that didst once incline thine ear  
 Unto the song and tale,  
 Shall only now death's message hear,  
 While he, with face most pale,
25. Doth reason with thee how thy days  
 Hath hitherto been spent;  
 And what have been thy deeds and ways,  
 Since God thee time hath lent.
26. Then will he so begin to tear  
 Thy body from thy soul,  
 And both from life, if now thy care  
 Be not on grace to roll.

<sup>44</sup> A common custom when death takes place. The two great toes are tied together, to make the body look *decent*; and formerly the hands were placed with the palms together, as if in the attitude of prayer, and were kept in that posture by tying the thumbs together.—Ed.

27. Death puts on things another face  
 Than we in health do see:  
 Sin, Satan, hell, death, life and grace  
 Now great and weighty be.
28. Yea, now the sick man's eye is set  
 Upon a world to come:  
 He also knows too without let<sup>5</sup>  
 That there must be his home.
29. Either in joy, in bliss and light,  
 Or sorrow, woe, and grief;  
 Either with Christ and saints in white,  
 Or fiends, without relief.
30. But, O! the sad estate that then  
 They will be in that die  
 Both void of grace and life! poor men!  
 How will they fear and cry.
31. Ha! live I may not, though I would  
 For life give more than all;  
 And die I dare not, though I should  
 The world gain by my fall.
32. No, here he must no longer stay,  
 He feels his life run out,  
 His night is come, also the day  
 That makes him fear and doubt.
33. He feels his very vitals die,  
 All waxeth pale and wan;  
 Nay, worse, he fears to misery  
 He shortly must be gone.
34. Death doth already strike his heart  
 With his most fearful sting  
 Of guilt, which makes his conscience start,  
 And quake at every thing.
35. Yea, as his body doth decay  
 By a contagious grief,  
 So his poor soul doth faint away  
 Without hope or relief.
36. Thus while the man is in this scare,  
 Death doth still at him lay;  
 Live, die, sink, swim, fall foul or fair,<sup>6</sup>  
 Death still holds on his way.
37. Still pulling of him from his place,  
 Full sore against his mind;  
 Death like a sprite stares in his face,  
 And doth with links him bind.

<sup>5</sup> Without fail, or in spite of all hindrance.—Ed.

<sup>6</sup> Alluding to wrestlers. Some modes of throwing each other down are called fair, others foul or unfair.—Ed.

38. And carries him into his den,  
In darkness there to lie,  
Among the swarms of wicked men  
In grief eternally.
39. For only he that God doth fear  
Will now be counted wise:  
Yea, he that feareth him while here,  
He only wins the prize.
40. 'Tis he that shall by angels be  
Attended to that bliss  
That angels have; for he, O he,  
Of glory shall not miss.
41. Those weapons and those instruments  
Of death, that others fright:  
Those dreadful fears and discontents  
That brings on some that night.
42. That never more shall have a day,  
Brings this man to that rest  
Which none can win but only they  
Whom God hath called and blest
43. With the first fruits of saving grace,  
With faith, hope, love, and fear  
Him to offend; this man his face  
In visions high and clear,
44. Shall in that light which no eye can  
Approach unto, behold  
The rays and beams of glory, and  
Find there his name enroll'd,
45. Among those glittering starts of light  
That Christ still holdeth fast  
In his right hand with all his might,  
Until that danger's past,
46. That shakes the world, and most hath dropt  
Into grief and distress,  
O blessed then is he that's wrapt  
In Christ his righteousness.
47. This is the man death cannot kill,  
For he hath put on arms;  
Him sin nor Satan hath not skill  
To hurt with all their charms.
48. A helmet on his head doth stand,  
A breastplate on his heart:  
A shield also is in his hand,  
That blunteth every dart.
49. Truth girds him round the reins, also  
His sword is on his thigh;  
His feet in shoes of peace do go  
The ways of purity.

50. His heart it groaneth to the Lord,  
Who hears him at his call,  
And doth him help and strength afford,  
Wherewith he conquers all.
51. Thus fortified, he keeps the field  
While death is gone and fled;  
And then lies down upon his shield  
Till Christ doth raise the dead.

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OF JUDGMENT.

1. As 'tis appointed men should die,  
So judgment is the next  
That meets them most assuredly;  
For so saith holy text.
2. Wherefore of judgment I shall now  
Inform you what I may,  
That you may see what 'tis, and how  
'Twill be with men that day.
3. This world it hath a time to stand,  
Which time when ended, then  
Will issue judgment out of hand  
Upon all sorts of men.
4. The Judge we find, in God's record,  
The Son of man, for he  
By God's appointment is made Lord  
And Judge of all that be.
5. Wherefore this Son of man shall come  
At last to count with all,  
And unto them shall give just doom,  
Whether they stand or fall.
6. Behold ye now the majesty  
And state that shall attend  
This Lord, this Judge, and Justice high  
When he doth now descend.
7. He comes with head as white as snow,  
With eyes like flames of fire;  
In justice clad from top to toe,  
Most glorious in attire.
8. His face is filled with gravity;  
His tongue is like a sword;  
His presence awes both stout and high,  
The world shakes at his word.
9. He comes in flaming fire, and  
With angels clear and bright,  
Each with a trumpet in his hand,  
Clothed in shining white.

10. The trump of God sounds in the air,  
The dead do hear his voice;  
The living too run here and there,  
Who made not him their choice.
11. Thus to his place he doth repair,  
Appointed for his throne,  
Where he will sit to judge, and where  
He'll count with every one.
12. Angels attending on his hand  
By thousands on a row;  
Yea, thousand thousands by him stand,  
And at his beck do go.
13. Thus being set, the books do ope  
In which all crimes are writ.  
All virtues, too, of faith and hope,  
Of love; and every whit
14. Of all that man hath done or said,  
Or did intend to do;  
Whether they sinn'd, or were afraid  
Evil to come into.
15. Before this bar each sinner now  
In person must appear;  
Under his judgment there to bow  
With trembling and with fear:
16. Within whose breast a witness then  
Will certainly arise,  
That to each charge will say Amen,  
While they seek and devise
17. To shun the sentence which the Lord  
Against them then will read,  
Out of the books of God's record,  
With majesty and dread.
18. But every heart shall opened be  
Before this judge most high;  
Yea, every thought to judgment he  
Will bring assuredly.
19. And every word and action, too,  
He there will manifest;  
Yea, all that ever thou didst do,  
Or keep within thy breast,
20. Shall then be seen and laid before  
The world, that then will stand  
To see thy judge open ev'ry sore,  
And all thy evils scann'd.
21. Weighing each sin and wickedness  
With so much equity,  
Proportioning of thy distress  
And woful misery.
22. With so much justice, doing right,  
That thou thyself shalt say,  
My sins have brought me to this plight,  
I threw myself away.
23. Into that gulph my sins have brought  
Me justly to possess,  
For which I blame not Christ, I wrought  
It out by wickedness.
24. But O! how willingly would these  
That thus in judgment be,  
If that they might have help or ease,  
Unto the mountains flee.
25. They would rejoice if that they might  
But underneath them creep,  
To hide them from revenging right,  
For fear of which they weep.
26. But all in vain, the mountains then  
Will all be fled and gone;  
No shelter will be found for men  
That now are left alone.
27. For succour they did not regard  
When Christ by grace did call  
To them, therefore they are not heard,  
No mountains on them fall.
28. Before this Judge no one shall shroud  
Himself, under pretence  
Of knowledge, which hath made him  
proud,  
Nor seeming penitence.
29. No high profession here can stand,  
Unless sincerity  
Hath been therewith commixed, and  
Brought forth simplicity.<sup>7</sup>
30. No mask nor vizer here can hide  
The heart that rotten is;  
All cloaks now must be laid aside,  
No sinner must have bliss.
31. Though most approve of thee, and count  
Thee upright in thy heart;  
Yea, though preferred and made surmount  
Most men to act thy part,

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<sup>7</sup> Sincerity is the fountain and source of all *real* inquiries after truth, holiness, and heaven. It leads to personal examination of God's Word, which leads us from the complexity of human inventions to the simplicity of the gospel.—Ed

32. In treading where the godly trod,  
As to an outward show;  
Yet this hold still, the grace of God  
Takes hold on but a few,
33. So as to make them truly such  
As then shall stand before  
This Judge with gladness; this is much  
Yet true for evermore.
34. The tree of life this paradise  
Doth always beautify,  
'Cause of our health it is the rise  
And perpetuity.
35. Here stands the golden throne of grace  
From out of which do run  
Those crystal streams that make this place  
Far brighter than the sun.
36. Here stands mount Zion with her king.  
Jerusalem above,  
That holy and delightful thing,  
So beautified with love.
37. That, as a mother succours those  
Which of her body be,  
So she far more, all such as close  
In with her Lord; and she
38. Her grace, her everlasting doors  
Will open wide unto  
Them all, with welcome, welcome, poor,  
Rich, bond, free, high and low,
39. Unto the kingdom which our Lord  
Appointed hath for all  
That hath his name and word ador'd;  
Because he did them call
40. Unto that work, which also they  
Sincerely did fulfil,  
Not shunning always to obey  
His gracious holy will.
41. Besides, this much doth beautify  
This goodly paradise,  
That from all quarters, constantly,  
Whole thousands as the price
42. Of precious blood, do here arrive;  
As safe escaping all,  
Sin, hell, and satan did contrive  
To bring them into thrall.
43. Each telling his deliverance  
I' th' open face of heaven;  
Still calling to remembrance  
How fiercely they were driven
44. By deadly foe, who did pursue  
As swift as eagles fly;  
Which if thou have not, down thou must  
With those that then shall die  
The second death, and be accur'd  
Of God. For certainly,
45. The truth of grace shall only here  
Without a blush be bold  
To stand, whilst others quake and fear,  
And dare not once behold.
46. That heart that here was right for God  
Shall there be comforted;  
But those that evil ways have trod,  
Shall then hang down the head.
47. As sore confounded with the guilt  
That now upon them lies,  
Because they did delight in filth  
And beastly vanities.
48. Or else because they did deceive  
With hypocritical  
Disguises, their own souls, and leave  
Or shun that best of all
49. Approved word of righteousness,  
They were invited to  
Embrace, therefore they no access  
Now to him have, but woe.
50. For every one must now receive  
According to their ways;  
They that unto the Lord did cleave,  
The everlasting joys.
51. Those that did die in wickedness,  
To execution sent,  
There still to grapple with distress,  
Which nothing can prevent.
52. Of which two states I next shall write,  
Wherefore I pray give ear,  
And to them bend with all our might  
Your heart with filial fear.
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- OF HEAVEN.
1. Heaven is a place, also a state,  
It doth all things excel,  
No man can fully it relate,  
Nor of its glory tell.
2. God made it for his residence,  
To sit on as a throne,  
Which shows to us the excellence  
Whereby it may be known.

3. Doubtless the fabric that was built  
For this so great a king,  
Must needs surprise thee, if thou wilt  
But duly mind the thing.
4. If all that build do build to suit  
The glory of their state,  
What orator, though most acute,  
Can fully heaven relate?
5. If palaces that princes build,  
Which yet are made of clay,  
Do so amaze when much beheld,  
Of heaven what shall we say?
6. It is the high and holy place;  
No moth can there annoy,  
Nor make to fade that goodly grace  
That saints shall there enjoy.
7. Mansions for glory and for rest  
Do there prepared stand;  
Buildings eternal for the blest  
Are there provided, and
8. The glory and the comeliness  
By deepest thought none may  
With heart or mouth fully express,  
Nor can before that day.
9. These heav'ns we see, be as a scroll,  
Or garment folded up,  
Before they do together roll,  
And we call'd in to sup.
10. There with the king, the bridegroom, and  
By him are led into  
His palace chambers, there to stand  
With his prospect to our view.
11. And taste and smell, and be inflam'd,  
And ravished to see  
The buildings he hath for us fram'd,  
How full of heaven they be.
12. Its state also is marvellous,  
For beauty to behold;  
All goodness there is plenteous,  
And better far than gold.
13. Adorn'd with grace and righteousness,  
While fragrant scents of love  
O'erflow with everlasting bliss,  
All that do dwell above.
14. The heavenly majesty, whose face  
Doth far exceed the sun,  
Will there cast forth its rays of grace  
After this world is done.
15. Which rays and beams will so possess  
All things that there shall dwell,  
With so much glory, light, and bliss,  
That none can think or tell.
16. That wisdom which doth order all  
Shall there be fully shown;  
That strength that bears the world there  
shall  
By every one be known.
17. That holiness and sanctity  
Which doth all thought surpass,  
Shall there in present purity  
Outshine the crystal glass.
18. The beauty and the comeliness  
Of this Almighty shall  
Make amiable with lasting bliss  
Those he thereto shall call.
19. The presence of this God will be  
Eternal life in all,  
And health and gladness, while we see  
Thy face, O immortal!
20. Here will the Lord make clear and plain  
How sweetly did agree  
His attributes, when Christ was slain  
Our Saviour to be.
21. How wisdom did find out the way,  
How strength did make him stand,  
How holiness did bear the sway,  
And answer just demand.
22. How all these attributes did bend  
Themselves to work our life,  
Through the Christ whom God did send  
To save us by his might.
23. All this will sparkle in our eye  
Within the holy place,  
And greatly raise our melody,  
And flow our hearts with grace.
24. The largest thought that can arise  
Within the widest heart  
Shall then be filled with surprize,  
And pleas'd in every part.
25. All mysteries shall here be seen,  
And every knot, unty'd;  
Electing love, that hid hath been,  
Shall shine on every side.
26. The God of glory here will be  
The life of every one;  
Whose goodly attributes shall we  
Possess them as our own.

27. By wisdom we all things shall know,  
By light all things shall see,  
By strength, too, all things we shall do,  
When we in glory be.
28. The Holy Lamb of God, also,  
Who for our sakes did die,  
The holy ones of God shall know,  
And that most perfectly.
29. Those small and short discoveries  
That we have of him here,  
Will there be seen with open eyes,  
In visions full and clear.
30. Those many thousand acts of grace  
That here we feel and find,  
Shall there be real with open face  
Upon his heart most kind.
31. There he will show us how he was  
Our prophet, priest, and king;  
And how he did maintain our cause,  
And us to glory bring.
32. There we shall see how he was touch'd  
With all our grief and pain  
(As in his word he hath avouch'd),  
When we with him shall reign;
33. He'll show us, also, how he did  
Maintain our faith and love,  
And why his face sometimes he hid  
From us, who are his dove;
34. These tempting times that here we have,  
We there shall see were good;  
Also that hidden strength he gave,  
The purchase of his blood.
35. That he should stand for us before  
His Father, thus we read.  
But then shall see, and shall adore  
Him for his gracious deed.
36. Though we are vile, he without shame  
Before the angels all  
Lays out his strength, his worth, and name,  
For us, who are in thrall.
37. This is he who was mock'd and beat,  
Spit on, and crown'd with thorns;  
Who for us had a bloody sweat,  
Whose heart was broke with scorns.
38. 'Tis he who stands so much our friend,  
As shortly we shall see,  
With open face, world without end,  
And in his presence be.
39. That head that once was crown'd with  
thorns,  
Shall now with glory shine;  
That heart that broken was with scorns,  
Shall flow with life divine;
40. That man that here met with disgrace,  
We there shall see so bright;  
That angels can't behold his face  
For its exceeding light.
41. What gladness will possess our heart  
When we shall see these things!  
What light and life, in every part,  
Will rise like lasting springs!
42. O blessed face and holy grace,  
When shall we see this day?  
Lord, fetch us to this goodly place  
We humbly do thee pray.
43. Next to this Lamb we shall behold  
All saints, both more and less,  
With whit'ned robes in glory roll'd,  
'Cause him they did confess.
44. Each walking in his righteousness  
With shining crowns of gold,  
Triumphing still in heav'nly bliss,  
Amazing to behold.
45. Each person for his majesty  
Doth represent a king;  
Yea, angel-like for dignity,  
And seraphims that sing.
46. Each motion of their mind, and so  
Each twinkling of their eye;  
Each word they speak, and step they go,  
It is in purity.
47. Immortal are they every one,  
Wrapt up in health and light,  
Mortality from them is gone,  
Weakness is turn'd to might.
48. The stars are not so clear as they,  
They equalize the sun;  
Their glory shines to perfect day,  
Which day will ne'er be done.
49. No sorrow can them now annoy,  
Nor weakness, grief or pain;  
No faintness can abate their joy,  
They now in life do reign.

50. They shall not there, as here, be vex'd  
With Satan, men, or sin;  
Nor with their wicked hearts perplex'd,  
The heavens have cop'd<sup>8</sup> them in.
51. Thus, as they shine in their estate,  
So, too, in their degree;  
Which is most goodly to relate,  
And ravishing to see.
52. The majesty whom they adore,  
Doth them in wisdom place  
Upon the thrones, and that before  
The angels, to their grace.
53. The saints of the Old Testament,  
Full right to their degree;  
Likewise the New, in excellent  
Magnificency be.
54. Each one his badge of glory wears,  
According to his place;  
According as was his affairs  
Here, in the time of grace.
55. Some on the right hand of the Lamb,  
Likewise some on the left,  
With robes and golden chains do stand  
Most grave, most sage, and deft.<sup>9</sup>
56. The martyr here is known from him  
Who peaceably did die,  
Both by the place he sitteth in,  
And by his dignity.
57. Each father, saint, and prophet shall,  
According to his worth,  
Enjoy the honour of his call,  
And plainly hold it forth.
58. Those bodies which sometimes were torn,  
And bones that broken were  
For God's word; he doth now adorn  
With health and glory fair.
59. Thus, when in heav'nly harmony  
These blessed saints appear,  
Adorn'd with grace and majesty,  
What gladness will be there!
60. The light, and grace, and countenance,  
The least of these shall have,  
Will so with terror them advance,  
And make their face so grave,
61. That at them all the world will shake,  
When they lift up their head;  
Princes and kings will at them quake,  
And fall before them dead.
62. This shall we see, thus shall we be,  
O would the day were come,  
Lord Jesus take us up to thee,  
To this desired home.
63. Angels also we shall behold,  
When we on high ascend,  
Each shining like to men of gold,  
And on the Lord attend.
64. These goodly creatures, full of grace,  
Shall stand about the throne,  
Each one with lightning in his face,  
And shall to us be known.
65. These cherubims with one accord  
Shall cry continually,  
Ah, holy, holy, holy, Lord,  
And heavenly majesty.
66. These will us in their arms embrace,  
And welcome us to rest,  
And joy to see us clad with grace,  
And of the heavens possess'd.
67. This we shall hear, this we shall see,  
While raptures take us up,  
When we with blessed Jesus be,  
And at his table sup.
68. Oh shining angels! what, must we  
With you lift up our voice?  
We must; and with you ever be,  
And with you must rejoice.
69. Our friends that lived godly here,  
Shall there be found again;  
The wife, the child, and father dear,  
With others of our train.
70. Each one down to the foot in white,  
Fill'd to the brim with grace,  
Walking among the saints in light,  
With glad and joyful face.
71. Those God did use us to convert,  
We there with joy shall meet,  
And jointly shall, with all our heart,  
In life each other greet.

<sup>8</sup> The exact spelling of Bunyan is here followed; but whether he meant 'coped,' 'covered,' or 'cooped'—inclosed, or shut in—must be left to the reader's judgment. I prefer the latter.—Ed.

<sup>9</sup> Fit, convenient. 'Deft' is now obsolete.—Ed.

72. A crown to them we then shall be,  
A glory and a joy;  
And that before the Lord, when he  
The world comes to destroy.
73. This is the place, this is the state,  
Of all that fear the Lord;  
Which men nor angels may relate  
With tongue, or pen, or word.
74. No night is here, for to eclipse  
Its spangling rays so bright;  
Nor doubt, nor fear to shut the lips,  
Of those within this light.
75. The strings of music here are tun'd  
For heavenly harmony,  
And every spirit here perfum'd  
With perfect sanctity.
76. Here runs the crystal streams of life,  
Quite through all our veins.  
And here by love we do unite  
With glory's golden chains.
77. Now that which sweet'neth all will be  
The lasting of this state;  
This heightens all we hear or see  
To a transcendant rate.
78. For should the saints enjoy all this  
But for a certain time,  
O, how would they their mark then miss,  
And at this thing repine?
79. Yea, 'tis not possible that they  
Who then shall dwell on high,  
Should be content, unless they may  
Dwell there eternally.
80. A thought of parting with this place  
Would bitter all their sweet,  
And darkness put upon the face  
Of all they there do meet.
81. But far from this the saints shall be,  
Their portion is the Lord,  
Whose face for ever they shall see,  
As saith the holy word.
82. And that with everlasting peace,  
Joy, and felicity,  
From this time forth they shall increase  
Unto eternity.

OF HELL, AND THE ESTATE  
OF THOSE THAT PERISH.

1. Thus, having show'd you what I see  
Of heaven, I now will tell  
You also, after search, what be  
The damned wights of hell.
2. And O, that they who read my lines  
Would ponder soberly,  
And lay to heart such things betimes  
As touch eternity.
3. The sleepy sinner little thinks  
What sorrows will abound  
Within him, when upon the brinks  
Of Tophet he is found.
4. Hell is beyond all though a state  
So doubtful<sup>10</sup> and forlorn,  
So fearful, that none can relate  
The pangs that there are born.
5. God will exclude them utterly  
From his most blessed face,  
And them involve in misery,  
In shame, and in disgrace.
6. God is the fountain of all bliss,  
Of life, of light, and peace;  
They then must needs be comfortless  
Who are depriv'd of these.
7. Instead of life, a living death  
Will there in all be found.  
Dyings will be in every breath,  
Thus sorrow will abound.
8. No light, but darkness here doth dwell;  
No peace, but horror strange:  
The fearful damning wights<sup>11</sup> of hell  
In all will make this change.
9. To many things the damned's woe  
Is liked in the word,  
And that because no one can show  
The vengeance of the Lord.
10. Unto a dreadful burning lake,  
All on a fiery flame,  
Hell is compared, for to make  
All understand the same.

<sup>10</sup> Full of fear and dread. Bunyan, in his *Holy War*, brings his immense armies of doubters, under General Incredulity, from Hell-gate Hill.—Ed.

<sup>11</sup> Quick, nimble, active, powerful spirits. Wight is now obsolete, except in irony; see *Imperial Dictionary*.—Ed.

11. A burning lake, a furnace hot,  
A burning oven, too,  
Must be the portion, share, and lot,  
Of those which evil sow.
12. This plainly shows the burning heat  
With which it will oppress  
All hearts, and will like burnings eat  
Their souls with sore distress.
13. This burning lake, it is God's wrath  
Incensed by the sin  
Of those who do reject his path,  
And wicked ways walk in.
14. Which wrath will so perplex all parts  
Of body and of soul,  
As if up to the very hearts  
In burnings they did roll.
15. Again, to show the stinking state  
Of this so sad a case,  
Like burning brimstone God doth make  
The hidings of his face.
16. And truly as the steam, and smoke,  
And flames of brimstone smell,  
To blind the eyes, and stomach choke,  
So are the pangs of hell.
17. To see a sea of brimstone burn,  
Who would it not affright?  
But they whom God to hell doth turn  
Are in most woful plight.
18. This burning cannot quenched be,  
No, not with tears of blood;  
No mournful groans in misery  
Will here do any good.
19. O damned men! this is your fate,  
The day of grace is done,  
Repentance now doth come too late,  
Mercy is fled and gone.
20. Your groans and cries they sooner should  
Have sounded in mine ears,  
Grace you would have had, or would  
Have me regard your tears.
21. Me you offended with your sin,  
Instructions you did slight,  
Your sins against my law hath been,  
Justice shall have his right.
22. I gave my Son to do you good,  
I gave you space and time  
With him to close, which you withstood,  
And did with hell combine.
23. Justice against you now is set,  
Which you cannot appease;  
Eternal justice doth you let  
From either life or ease.
24. Thus he that to this place doth come  
May groan, and sigh, and weep;  
But sin hath made that place his home,  
And there it will him keep.
25. Wherefore, hell in another place  
Is call'd a prison too,  
And all to show the evil case  
Of all sin doth undo.
26. Which prison, with its locks and bars  
Of God's lasting decree,  
Will hold them fast; O how this mars  
All thought of being free!
27. Out at these brazen bars they may  
The saints in glory see;  
But this will not their grief allay,  
But to them torment be.
28. Thus they in this infernal cave  
Will now be holden fast  
From heavenly freedom, though they crave,  
Of it they may not taste.
29. The chains that darkness on them hangs  
Still ratt'ling in their ears,  
Creates within them heavy pangs,  
And still augments their fears.
30. Thus hopeless of all remedy,  
They dyingly do sink  
Into the jaws of misery,  
And seas of sorrow drink.
31. For being cop'd<sup>12</sup> on every side  
With helplessness and grief,  
Headlong into despair they slide  
Bereft of all relief.
32. Therefore this hell is called a pit,  
Prepared for those that die  
The second death, a term most fit  
To show their misery.
33. A pit that's bottomless is this,  
A gulf of grief and woe,  
A dungeon which they cannot miss,  
That will themselves undo.

<sup>12</sup> See note on verse fifty of the Meditations on Heaven.—Ed.

34. Thus without stay they always sink,  
Thus fainting still they fail,  
Despair they up like water drink,  
These prisoners have no bail.
35. Here meets them now that worm that gnaws,  
And plucks their bowels out,  
The pit, too, on them shuts her jaws;  
This dreadful is, no doubt.
36. This ghastly worm is guilt for sin,  
Which on the conscience feeds,  
With vipers' teeth, both sharp and keen,  
Whereat it sorely bleeds.
37. This worm is fed by memory,  
Which strictly brings to mind,  
All things done in prosperity,  
As we in Scripture find.
38. No word, nor thought, nor act they did,  
But now is set in sight,  
Not one of them can now be hid,  
Memory gives them light.
39. On which the understanding still  
Will judge, and sentence pass,  
This kills the mind, and wounds the will,  
Alas, alas, alas!
40. O, conscience is the slaughter shop,  
There hangs the axe and knife,  
'Tis there the worm makes all things hot,  
And wearies out the life.
41. Here, then, is execution done  
On body and on soul;  
For conscience will be brib'd of none,  
But gives to all their dole.
42. This worm, 'tis said, shall never die,  
But in the belly be  
Of all that in the flames shall lie,  
O dreadful sight to see!
43. This worm now needs must in them live,  
For sin will still be there,  
And guilt, for God will not forgive,  
Nor Christ their burden bear.
44. But take from them all help and stay,  
And leave them to despair,  
Which feeds upon them night and day,  
This is the damned's share.
45. Now will confusion so possess  
These monuments of ire,  
And so confound them with distress,  
And trouble their desire.
46. That what to think, or what to do,  
Or where to lay their head,  
They know not; 'tis the damned's woe  
To live, and yet be dead.
47. These cast-aways would fain have life,  
But know, they never shall,  
They would forget their dreadful plight,  
But that sticks fast'st of all.
48. God, Christ, and heaven, they know are best,  
Yet dare not on them think,  
The saints they know in joys do rest,  
While they their tears do drink.
49. They cry alas, but all in vain,  
They stick fast in the mire,  
They would be rid of present pain,  
Yet set themselves on fire.
50. Darkness is their perplexity,  
Yet do they hate the light,  
They always see their misery,  
Yet are themselves all night.
51. They are all dead, yet live they do,  
Yet neither live nor die.  
They die to weal, and live to woe,  
This is their misery.
52. Amidst all this so great a scare  
That here I do relate,  
Another falleth to their share  
In this their sad estate.
53. The legions of infernal fiends  
Then with them needs must be,  
A just reward for all their pains,  
This they shall feel and see.
54. With yellings, howlings, shrieks, and cries,  
And other doleful noise,  
With trembling hearts and failing eyes,  
These are their hellish joys.
55. These angels black they would obey,  
And serve with greedy mind,  
And take delight to go astray,  
That pleasure they might find.
56. Which pleasure now like poison turns  
Their joy to heaviness;  
Yea, like the gall of asps it burns,  
And doth them sore oppress
57. Now is the joy they lived in  
All turned to brinish tears,  
And resolute attempts to sin  
Turn'd into hellish fears.

58. The floods run trickling down their face,  
 Their hearts do prick and ache,  
 While they lament their woful case,  
 Their loins totter and shake.

59. O wetted cheeks, with bleared eyes,  
 How fully do you show  
 The pangs that in their bosom lies,  
 And grief they undergo!

60. Their dolour in their bitterness  
 So greatly they bemoan,  
 That hell itself this to express  
 Doth echo with their groan.

61. Thus broiling on the burning grates,  
 They now to wailing go,  
 And say of those unhappy fates  
 That did them thus undo.

62. Alas, my grief! hard hap had I  
 Those dolours here to find,  
 A living death, in hell I lie,  
 Involv'd with grief of mind.

63. I once was fair for light and grace,  
 My days were long and good;  
 I lived in a blessed place  
 Where was most heav'nly food.

64. But wretch I am, I slighted life,  
 I chose in death to live;  
 O, for these days now, if I might,  
 Ten thousand worlds would give.

65. What time had I to pray and read,  
 What time to hear the word!  
 What means to help me at my need,  
 Did God to me afford!

66. Examples, too, of piety  
 I every day did see,  
 But they abuse and slight did I,  
 O, woe be unto me.

67. I now remember how my friend  
 Reproved me of vice,  
 And bid me mind my latter end,  
 Both once, and twice, and thrice.

68. But O, deluded man, I did  
 My back upon him turn;  
 Eternal life I did not heed,  
 For which I now do mourn.

69. Ah, golden time, I did thee spend  
 In sin and idleness,  
 Ah, health and wealth, I did you lend  
 To bring me to distress.

70. My feet to evil I let run,  
 And tongue of folly talk;  
 My eyes to vanity hath gone,  
 Thus did I vainly walk.

71. I did as greatly toil and strain  
 Myself with sin to please,  
 As if that everlasting grain  
 Could have been found in these.

72. But nothing, nothing have I found  
 But weeping, and alas,  
 And sorrow, which doth now surround  
 Me, and augment my cross.

73. Ah, bleeding conscience, how did I  
 Thee check when thou didst tell  
 Me of my faults, for which I lie  
 Dead while I live in hell.

74. I took thee for some peevish foe,  
 When thou didst me accuse,  
 Therefore I did thee buffet so,  
 And counsel did refuse.

75. Thou often didst me tidings bring,  
 How God did me dislike,  
 Because I took delight in sin,  
 But I thy news did slight.

76. Ah, Mind, why didst thou do those things  
 That now do work my woe?  
 Ah, Will, why was thou thus inclin'd  
 Me ever to undo?

77. My senses, how were you beguil'd  
 When you said sin was good?  
 It hath in all parts me defil'd,  
 And drown'd me like a flood.

78. Ah, that I now a being have,  
 In sorrow and in pain;  
 Mother, would you had been my grave,  
 But this I wish in vain.

79. Had I been made a cockatrice,  
 A toad, or such-like thing;<sup>13</sup>  
 Yea, had I been made snow or ice,  
 Then had I had no sin;

<sup>13</sup> This is a common temptation. Job felt it, and murmured at having been born, Job 3:3, and 10:18, 19. Jeremiah passed through the same experience, Jeremiah 20:14, 15. Bunyan had the same bitter feelings, and wished himself a dog or toad; see *Grace Abounding*, No. 104. Colonel Gardener was similarly tried. How awful is the havoc that sin has made with human happiness.-Ed.

80. A block, a stock, a stone, or clot,  
Is happier than I;  
For they know neither cold nor hot,  
To live nor yet to die.
81. I envy now the happiness  
Of those that are in light,  
I hate the very name of bliss,  
'Cause I have there no right.
82. I grieve to see that others are  
In glory, life, and well,  
Without all fear, or dread, or care,  
While I am racked in hell.
83. Thus will these souls with watery eyes,  
And hacking of their teeth,  
With wringing hands, and fearful cries,  
Expostulate their grief.
84. O set their teeth they will, and gnash,  
And gnaw for very pain,  
While as with scorpions God doth lash  
Them for their life so vain.
85. Again, still as they in this muse,  
Are feeding on the fire,  
To mind there comes yet other news,  
To screw their torments higher.
86. Which is the length of this estate,  
Where they at present lie;  
Which in a word I thus relate,  
'Tis to eternity.
87. This thought now is so firmly fix'd  
In all that comes to mind,  
And also is so strongly mix'd  
With wrath of every kind.
88. So that whatever they do know,  
Or see, or think, or feel,  
For ever still doth strike them through  
As with a bar of steel.
89. For EVER shineth in the fire,  
EVER is on the chains;  
'Tis also in the pit of ire,  
And tastes in all their pains.
90. For ever separate from God,  
From peace, and life, and rest;  
For ever underneath the rod  
That vengeance liketh best.
91. O ever, ever, this will drown'd  
Them quite and make them cry,  
We never shall get o'er thy bound,  
O, great eternity!
92. They sooner now the stars may count  
Than lose these dismal bands;  
Or see to what the motes<sup>14</sup> among  
Or number up the sands.
93. Then see an end of this their woe,  
Which now for sin they have;  
O wantons, take heed what you do,  
Sin will you never save.
94. They sooner may drink up the sea,  
Than shake off these their fears;  
Or make another in one day  
As big with brinish tears;
95. Than put an end to misery,  
In which they now do roar,  
Or help themselves; no, they must cry,  
Alas, for evermore.
96. When years by thousands on a heap  
Are passed o'er their head;  
Yet still the fruits of sin they reap  
Among the ghostly dead.
97. Yea, when they have time out of mind  
Be in this case so ill,  
For EVER, EVER is behind<sup>15</sup>  
Yet for them to fulfill.

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<sup>14</sup> The finest particles or atoms of matter—

“As thick, as numberless  
“As the gay *motes* that people the  
sunbeams.”—Milton.—Ed.

<sup>15</sup> How does this remind us of the awfully impressive cries of the man in the iron cage— “O, eternity, eternity! how shall I grapple with the misery that I must meet with in eternity!” “A thousand deaths live in him, he not dead.”—Ed.

# EBAL AND GERIZZIM,

OR

THE BLESSING AND THE CURSE:

BEING A SHORT EXHORTATION TO SINNERS, BY THE MERCY AND SEVERITY OF GOD.

FROM MOUNT GERIZZIM.

Besides what I said of the *Four Last Things*,  
And of the weal and woe that from them  
springs;

An after-word still runneth in my mind,  
Which I shall here expose unto that wind  
That may it blow into that very hand  
That needs it. Also that it may be scann'd  
With greatest soberness, shall be my prayer,  
As well as diligence and godly care;  
So to present it unto public view,  
That only truth and peace may thence ensue.

My talk shall be of that amazing love  
Of God we read of; which, that it may prove,  
By its engaging arguments to save  
Thee, I shall lay out that poor help I have  
Thee to entice; that thou wouldst dearly fall  
In love with thy salvation, and with all  
That doth thereto concur, that thou mayst be  
As blessed as the Blessed can make thee,  
Not only here but in the world to come,  
In bliss, which, I pray God, may be thy home.

But first, I would advise thee to bethink  
Thyself, how sin hath laid thee at the brink  
Of hell, where thou art lulled fast asleep  
In Satan's arms, who also will thee keep  
As senseless and secure as e'er he may,  
Lest thou shouldst wake, and see't, and run  
away

Unto that Jesus, whom the Father sent  
Into the world, for this cause and intent,  
That such as thou, from such a thrall as this  
Might'st be released, and made heir of bliss.  
Now that thou may'st awake, the danger fly,  
And so escape the death that others die,  
Come, let me set my trumpet to thine ear,  
Be willing all my message for to hear:  
'Tis for thy life, O do it not refuse;  
Wo unto them good counsel do abuse.  
Thou art at present in that very case,  
Which argues thou art destitute of grace:

For he that lies where sin hath laid him, lies  
Under the curse, graceless, and so he dies  
In body and in soul, within that range,  
If God his heart in mercy doth not change  
Before he goes the way of all the earth,  
Before he lose his spirit and his breath.  
Repentance there is none within the grave,  
Nor Christ, nor grace, nor mercies for to save  
Thee from the vengeance due unto thy sin,  
If now thou dost not truly close with him.

Thou art like him that sleepeth in the sea  
On broken boards, which, without guide or  
stay,

Are driven whither winds and water will;  
While greedy beasts do wait to have their fill  
By feeding on his carcass, when he shall  
Turn overboard, and without mercy fall  
Into the jaws of such as make a prey  
Of those whom justice drowneth in the sea.

Thou art like him that snoring still doth lie  
Upon the bed of vain security,  
Whilst all about him into burning flame  
By fire is turned; yea, and while the frame  
And building where he lies consuming is,  
And while himself these burnings cannot miss.

Thou art like one that hangeth by a thread  
Over the mouth of hell, as one half-dead;  
And O, how soon this thread may broken be,  
Or cut by death, is yet unknown to thee!  
But sure it is, if all the weight of sin,  
And all that Satan, too, hath doing been,  
Or yet can do, can break this crazy thread,  
'Twill not be long before, among the dead,  
Thou tumble do, as linked fast in chains,  
With them to wait in fear for future pains.

What shall I say? Wilt thou not yet awake?  
Nor yet of thy poor soul some pity take?  
Among the lions it hood-winked lies;  
O, that the Lord would open once thine eyes  
That thou might'st see it, then I dare say thou,  
As half-bereft of wits, wouldst cry out, How

Shall I escape? Lord help, O! help with speed,  
 Reach down thy hand from heav'n, for help I  
 need,  
 To save me from the lions, for I fear  
 This soul of mine they will in pieces tear.  
 Come, then, and let us both expostulate  
 The case betwixt us, till we animate  
 And kindle in our hearts that burning love  
 To Christ, to grace, to life, that we may move  
 Swifter than eagles to this blessed prey;  
 Then shall it be well with us in that day  
 The trump shall sound, the dead made rise, and  
 stand,  
 Then to receive, for breach of God's command,  
 Such thunder-claps as these, Depart from me  
 Into hell-fire, you that the wicked be,  
 Prepared for the devil, and for those  
 That with him and his angels rather chose  
 To live in filthy sin and wickedness,  
 Whose fruit is everlasting bitterness.  
 We both are yet on this side of the grave,  
 We also gospel-privileges have;  
 The word, and time to pray; God give us hearts,  
 That, like the wise man, we may act our parts,  
 To get the pearl of price; then we shall be  
 Like godly Mary, Peter, Paul, and we  
 Like Jacob, too, the blessing shall obtain;  
 While Esau rides a-hunting for the gain  
 Of worldly pelf, which will him not avail  
 When death or judgment shall him sore assail.  
 Now, to encourage us for to begin,  
 Let us believe the kingdom we may win,  
 And be possess'd thereof, if we the way  
 Shall hit into, and then let nothing stay  
 Or hinder us; the crown is at the end,  
 Let's run and strive, and fly, and let's contend  
 With greatest courage it for to obtain;  
 'Tis life, and peace, and everlasting gain.  
 The gate of life, the new and living way,  
 The promise holdeth open all the day,  
 Which thou by Jacob's ladder must ascend,  
 Where angels always wait, and do attend  
 As ministers, to minister for those  
 That do with God, and Christ, and glory close.  
 If guilt of sin still lieth at our door,  
 Us to discourage, let us set before  
 Our eyes a bleeding Jesus, who did die  
 The death, and let's believe the reason why

He did it, was that we might ever be  
 From death and sin, from hell and wrath set  
 free.  
 Yea, let's remember for that very end  
 It was his blessed Father did him send;  
 That he the law of God might here fulfil,  
 That so the mystery of his blessed will  
 Might be revealed in the blessedness  
 Of those that fly to Christ for righteousness.  
 Now let us argue with ourselves, then, thus  
 That Jesus Christ our Lord came to save us,  
 By bearing of our sins upon his back,  
 By hanging on the cross as on a rack,  
 While justice cut him off on every side,  
 While smiles Divine themselves from him did  
 hide,  
 While earth did quake, and rocks in pieces rent,  
 And while the sun, as veiled, did lament  
 To see the innocent and harmless die  
 So sore a death, so full of misery.  
 Yea, let us turn again, and say, All this  
 He did and suffered for love of his.  
 He brought in everlasting righteousness,  
 That he might cover all our nakedness;  
 He wept and wash'd his face with brinish tears  
 That we might saved be from hellish fears;  
 Blood was his sweat, too, in his agony,  
 That we might live in joyful ecstasy;  
 He apprehended was and led away,  
 That grace to us-ward never might decay.  
 With swords, and bills, and outrage in the  
 night,  
 That to the peace of heav'n we might have  
 right.  
 Condemned he was between two thieves to die,  
 That we might ever in his bosom lie;  
 Scourged with whips his precious body were,  
 That we lashes of conscience might not fear;  
 His head was crowned with thorns, that we  
 might be  
 Crowned with glory and felicity;  
 He hanged was upon a cursed tree,  
 That we delivered from death might be;  
 His Father from him hides his smiles and face,  
 That we might have them in the heavenly place;  
 He cry'd, My God, why hast forsaken me?  
 That we forsaken of him might not be.  
 Into his side was thrust a bloody spear,  
 That we the sting of death might never fear;

He went into the grave after all this,  
 That we might up to heav'n go, and have bliss.  
 Yea, rise again he did out of the earth,  
 And shook off from him all the chains of death;  
 Then at his chariot wheels he captive led  
 His foes, and trod upon the serpent's head;  
 Riding in triumph to his Father's throne,  
 There to possess the kingdom as his own.  
 What say'st thou, wilt not yet unto him come?  
 His arms are open, in his heart is room  
 To lay thee; be not then discouraged,  
 Although thy sins be many, great, and red;  
 Unto thee righteousness he will impute,  
 And with the kisses of his mouth salute  
 Thy drooping soul, and will it so uphold,  
 As that thy shaking conscience shall be bold  
 To come to mercy's seat with great access,  
 There to expostulate with that justice  
 That burns like fiery flames against all those  
 That do not with this blessed Jesus close;  
 Which unto thee will do no harm, but good,  
 Because thou hast reliance on that blood  
 That justice saith hath given him content,  
 For all that do unfeignedly repent  
 Their ill-spent life, and roll upon free grace,  
 That they within that bosom might have place,  
 That open is to such, where they shall lie  
 In ease, and gladness, and felicity,  
 World without end, according to that state  
 I have, nay, better than I, can relate.

If thou shalt still object, thou yet art vile,  
 And hast a heart that will not reconcile  
 Unto the holy law, but will rebel,  
 Hark yet to what I shall thee farther tell.  
 Two things are yet behind that help thee will,  
 If God should put into thy mind that skill,  
 So to improve them as becometh those  
 That would with mercy and forgiveness close.

First, then, let this sink down into thy heart,  
 That Christ is not a Saviour in part,  
 But every way so fully he is made  
 That all of those that underneath his shade  
 And wing would sit, and shroud their weary  
 soul,

That even Moses dare it not control,  
 But justify it, approve of 't, and conclude  
 No man nor angel must himself intrude  
 With such doctrine that may oppose the same,  
 On pain of blaspheming that holy name,

Which God himself hath given unto men,  
 To stay, to trust, to lean themselves on, when  
 They feel themselves assaulted, and made fear  
 Their sin will not let them in life appear.

For as God made him perfect righteousness,  
 That he his love might to the height express,  
 And us present complete before the throne;  
 Sanctification, too, of his own  
 He hath prepared, in which do we stand,  
 Complete in holiness, at his right hand.  
 Now this sanctification is not  
 That holiness which is in us, but that  
 Which in the person of this Jesus is,  
 And can inherently be only his.  
 But is imputed to us for our good.  
 As is his active righteousness and blood;  
 Which is the cause, though we infirm are found,  
 That mercy and forgiveness doth abound  
 To us-ward, and that why we are not shent<sup>16</sup>  
 And empty, and away rebuked sent,  
 Because that all we do imperfect is.  
 Bless God, then, for this holiness of his,  
 And learn to look by faith on that alone,  
 When thou seest thou hast nothing of thine  
 own;

Yea, when thy heart most willing is to do  
 What God by his good word doth call thee to;  
 And when thou find'st most holiness within,  
 And greatest power over every sin,  
 Yet then to Jesus look, and thou shalt see  
 In him sanctification for thee,  
 Far more complete than all that thou canst find  
 In the most upright heart and willing mind,  
 That ever man or angels did possess,  
 When most filled with inherent righteousness.  
 Besides, if thou forgettest here to live,  
 And Satan get thee once into his sieve,  
 He will so hide thy wheat, and show thy brun<sup>17</sup>  
 That thou wilt quickly cry, I am undone.  
 Alas, thy goodliest attainments here,  
 Though like the fairest blossoms they appear,  
 How quickly will they lour and decay,  
 And be as if they all were fled away,

<sup>16</sup> From the Saxon *scendan*, to violate, spoil, revile; see *Imperial Dictionary*.—Ed.

<sup>17</sup> Altered by poetical license from 'bran.' Chaucer, in one instance, spells it 'bren,' to rhyme with men.—Ed.

When once the east-wind of temptations beat  
 Upon thee, with their dry and blasting heat!  
 Rich men will not account their treasure lies  
 In crack'd groats and four-pence half-pennies,<sup>18</sup>  
 But in those bags they have within their chests,  
 In staple goods, which shall within their breasts  
 Have place accordingly, because they see  
 Their substance lieth here. But if that be  
 But shaken, then they quickly fear, and cry,  
 Alas, 'tis not this small and odd money,  
 We carry in our pockets for to spend,  
 Will make us rich, or much will stand our  
 friend.

If famine or if want do us assail,  
 How quickly will these little pieces fail!

If thou be wise, consider what I say  
 And look for all in Christ, where no decay  
 Is like to be; then though thy present frame  
 Be much in up-and-down, yet he the same  
 Abideth, yea, and still at God's right hand,  
 As thy most perfect holiness will stand.  
 It is, I say, not like to that in thee,  
 Now high, then low, now out, then in, but he  
 Most perfect is, when thou art at the worst  
 The same, the very same; I said at first,  
 This helpeth much when thou art buffeted,  
 And when thy graces lie in thee as dead;  
 Then to believe they are all perfect still  
 In Christ thy head, who hath that blessed skill,  
 Yet to present thee by what is in him  
 Unto his Father, one that hath no sin.  
 Yea, this will fill thy mouth with argument  
 Against the tempter, when he shall present  
 Before thee all thy weakness, and shall hide  
 From thee thy graces, that thou mayst abide  
 Under the fretting fumes of unbelief,  
 Which never yielded Christian man relief.

<sup>18</sup> This evidently refers to a coin value four-penny half-penny, and, like a cracked groat, not so much prized as good coin. In Turner's *Remarkable Providences*, folio, 1697, pages 28, is a very singular allusion to one of these coins:—"Christian, the wife of R. Green, of Brenham, Somersetshire, in 1663, made a covenant with the devil. He pricked the fourth finger off her right hand, between the middle and upper joint, and took two drops of her blood on his finger, giving her *four-pence half-penny*. He then vanished, leaving a smell of brimstone behind."—Ed.

Nor help thyself thou mayst against him thus:  
 O Satan, though my heart indeed be worse  
 Than 'twas a while ago, yet I perceive  
 Thou shalt me not of happiness bereave,  
 Nor yet of holiness; for by the Word  
 I find that Jesus Christ, our blessed Lord,  
 Is made sanctification for me  
 In his own person, where all graces be,  
 As water in the fountain; and that I,  
 By means of that, have yet a sanctity,  
 Both personal and perfect every way;  
 And that is Christ himself, as Paul doth say.  
 Now, though my crazy pitcher oft doth leak,  
 By means of which my graces are so weak,  
 And so much spent, that one I cannot find  
 Able to stay or help my feeble mind;  
 Yet then I look to Jesus, and see all  
 In him that wanting is in me, and shall  
 Again take courage, and believe he will  
 Present me upright in his person, till  
 He humble me for all my foolishness,  
 And then again fill me with holiness.  
 Now, if thou lovest inward sanctity,  
 As all the saints do most unfeignedly,  
 Then add, to what I have already said,  
 Faith in the promise; and be not afraid  
 To urge it often at the throne of grace,  
 And to expect it in its time and place.  
 Then he that true is, and that cannot lie,  
 Will give it unto thee, that thou thereby  
 Mayst serve with faith, with fear, in truth and  
 love,

That God that did at first thy spirit move  
 To ask it to his praise, that he might be  
 Thy God, and that he might delight in thee.

If I should here particulars relate,  
 Methinks it could not but much animate  
 Thy heart, though very listless to inquire  
 How thou mayst that enjoy, which all desire  
 That love themselves and future happiness;  
 But O, I cannot fully it express:  
 The promise is so open and so free,  
 In all respects, to those that humble be,  
 That want they cannot what for them is good;  
 But there 'tis, and confirmed is with blood,  
 A certain sign, all those enjoy it may,  
 That see they want it, and sincerely pray  
 To God the Father, in that Jesus' name  
 Who bled on purpose to confirm the same.

## [THE NECESSITY OF A NEW HEART.]

Now wouldst thou have a heart that tender  
is,  
A heart that forward is to close with bliss;  
A heart that will impressions freely take  
Of the new covenant, and that will make  
The best improvement of the word of grace,  
And that to wickedness will not give place;  
All this is in the promise, and it may  
Obtained be of them that humbly pray.  
Wouldst thou enjoy that spirit that is free,  
And looseth those that in their spirits be  
Oppressed with guilt, or filth, or unbelief;  
That spirit that will, where it dwells, be chief;  
Which breaketh Samson's cord as rotten thread,  
And raiseth up the spirit that is dead;  
That sets the will at liberty to choose  
Those things that God hath promis'd to infuse  
Into the humble heart? All this, I say,  
The promise holdeth out to them that pray.

## [THE SPIRIT OF PRAYER.]

Wouldst thou have that good, that blessed  
mind,  
That is so much to heavenly things inclin'd  
That it aloft will soar, and always be  
Contemplating on blest eternity.  
That mind that never thinks itself at rest,  
But when it knows it is for ever blest;  
That mind that can be here no more content,  
Than he that in the prison doth lament;  
That blessed mind that counts itself then free  
When it can at the throne with Jesus be,  
There to behold the mansions he prepares  
For such as be with him and his co-heirs.  
This mind is in the covenant of grace,  
And shall be theirs that truly seek his face.

## [OF GODLY FEAR.]

Is godly fear delightful unto thee,  
That fear that God himself delights to see  
Bear sway in them that love him? then he will  
Thy godly mind in this request fulfil.  
By giving thee a fear that tremble shall,  
At every trip thou takest, lest thou fall,  
And him offend, or hurt thyself by sin,  
Or cause poor souls that always blind have  
been

To stumble at thy falls, and harder be  
Against their own salvation and thee.

That fear that of itself would rather choose  
The rod, than to offend or to abuse  
In anything that blessed worthy name,  
That hath thee saved from that death and  
shame;  
That sin would soon have brought thee to, if he  
Had not imputed righteousness to thee.  
I will love them, saith God, and not depart  
From them, but put my fear within their heart,  
That I to them may always lovely be,  
And that they never may depart from me.

## [OF UPRIGHTNESS AND SINCERITY.]

Wouldst thou be very upright and sincere?  
Wouldst thou be that within thou dost appear,  
Or seem to be in outward exercise  
Before the most devout, and godly wise?  
Yea, art thou thus when no eye doth thee see  
But that which is invisible? and be  
The words of God in truth thy prop and stay?  
And do they in thy conscience bear more sway  
To govern thee in faith and holiness,  
Than thou canst with thy heart and mouth  
express?  
And do the things that truly are divine,  
Before thee more than gold or rubies shine?  
And if, as unto Solomon, God should  
Propound to thee, What wouldst thou have?  
how would  
Thy heart and pulse beat after heav'nly things,  
After the upper and the nether springs?

Couldst, with unfeigned heart and upright  
lip,  
Cry, Hold me fast, Lord, never let me slip,  
Nor step aside from faith and holiness,  
Nor from the blessed hope of future bliss?  
Lord, rather cross me anywhere than here;  
Lord, fill me always with thy holy fear,  
And godly jealousy of mine own heart,  
Lest I, Lord, should at any time depart  
From thy most blessed covenant of grace,  
Where Jesus rules as King, and where thy face  
Is only to be seen with comfort, and  
Where sinners justified before thee stand.

If these thy groanings be sincere and true,  
If God doth count thee one that dost pursue

The things thou cryest after with thy heart,  
No doubt but in them thou shalt have a part.

[HOW GRACES ARE TO BE OBTAINED.]

The next word that I would unto thee say,  
Is how thou mayst attain without delay,  
Those blessed graces, and that holiness  
Thou dost with so much godly zeal express  
Thy love to, and thy longing to enjoy,  
That sins and weakness might thee less annoy.  
Know, then, as I have hinted heretofore,  
And shall now speak unto a little more,  
All graces in the person of the Son  
Are by the Father hid, and therefore none  
Can them obtain but they who with him close;  
All others graceless are but only those;  
For of his fulness 'tis that we receive,  
And grace for grace; let no man then deceive  
Himself or others with a feigned show  
Of holiness, if Jesus they eschew.  
When he ascended to his Father, then  
It was that he received gifts for men;  
Faith, hope, and love, true zeal, an upright  
heart,  
Right humbleness of mind, and every part  
Of what the word of life counts holiness,  
God then laid up in him, that we redress  
And help might have, who do unto him fly  
For righteousness and gospel sanctity.

[OF IMPUTED RIGHTEOUSNESS.]

Now, if thou wouldst inherit righteousness,  
And so sanctification possess  
In body, soul, and spirit, then thou must  
To Jesus fly, as one ungodly first;  
And so by him crave pardon for thy sin  
Which thou hast loved, and hast lived in;  
For this cannot at all forgiven be,  
For any righteousness that is in thee;  
Because the best thou hast is filthy rags,  
Profane, presumptuous, and most beastly brags  
Of flesh and blood, which always cross doth lie  
To God, to grace, and thy felicity.

Then righteousness imputed thou must have,  
Thee from that guilt and punishment to save  
Thou liest under as a sinful man,  
Throughout polluted, and that never can  
By any other means acquitted be,  
Or ever have true holiness in thee.

The reason is, because all graces are  
Only in Christ, and be infused where,  
Or into those whom he doth justify,  
By what himself hath done, that he thereby  
Might be the whole of all that happiness  
The sinner shall enjoy here, and in bliss.  
Besides, if holiness should first be found  
In those whom God doth pardon, then the  
ground

Why we forgiven are would seem to be,  
He first found holiness in thee and me;  
But this the holy Scriptures will refute,  
And prove that righteousness he doth impute  
Without respect to goodness first in man;  
For, to speak truth indeed, no goodness can  
Be found in those that underneath the law  
Do stand; for if God goodness in them saw,  
Why doth he once and twice say, There is none  
That righteous be; no, not so much as one;  
None understandeth, none seek after God,  
His ways they have not known, but have abode  
In wickedness, unprofitably they  
Must needs appear to be then every way.  
Their throats an open sepulchre, also  
Their mouths are full of filthy cursings too;  
And bitterness, yea, underneath their lips  
The asp hath poison. O how many slips  
And falls in sin must such poor people have!  
Now here's the holiness that should them save,  
Or, as a preparation, go before,  
To move God to do for them less or more?  
No, grace must on thee righteousness bestow,  
Or, else sin will for ever thee undo.  
Sweet Paul this doctrine also doth express,  
Where he saith, Some may have righteousness,  
Though works they have not; and it thus may  
stand,  
Grace by the promise gives what the command  
Requireth us to do, and so are we  
Quitted from doing, and by grace made free.

[OF HOLINESS OF LIFE.]

Now, then, if holiness thou wouldst obtain,  
And wouldst a tender Christian man remain,  
Keep faith in action, let that righteousness  
That Christ fulfilled always have express  
And clear distinction in thy heart, from all  
That men by Scripture, or besides, it, call

Inherent gospel holiness, or what  
 Terms else they please to give it; for 'tis that,  
 And that alone, by which all graces come  
 Into the heart; for else there is no room  
 For ought but pride, presumption, or despair,  
 No love or other graces can be there.  
 Received you the Spirit, saith St. Paul,  
 By hearing, faith, or works? not works, and  
 shall  
 No ways retain the same, except you do  
 Hear faith, embrace the same, and stick thereto.

[THE OPERATION OF FAITH.]

The word of faith unto me pardon brings,  
 Shows me the ground and reason whence it  
 springs:  
 To wit, free grace, which moved God to give  
 His Son to die and bleed, that I might live  
 This word doth also loudly preach to me,  
 Though I a miserable sinner be,  
 Yet in this Son of God I stand complete,  
 Whose righteousness is without all deceit;  
 'Tis that which God himself delighteth in,  
 And that by which all his have saved been.

[OF LOVE TO GOD.]

When I do this begin to apprehend,  
 My heart, my soul, and mind, begins to bend  
 To God-ward, and sincerely for to love  
 His son, his ways, his people, and to move  
 With brokenness of spirit after him  
 Who broken was, and killed for my sin.  
 Now is mine heart grown holy, now it cleaves  
 To Jesus Christ my Lord, and now it leaves  
 Those ways that wicked be; it mourns because  
 It can conform no more unto the laws  
 Of God, who loved me when I was vile,  
 And of sweet Jesus, who did reconcile  
 Me unto justice by his precious blood,  
 When no way else was left to do me good.  
 If you would know how this can operate  
 Thus on the soul, I shall to you relate  
 A little farther what my soul hath seen  
 Since I have with the Lord acquainted been.  
 The word of grace, when it doth rightly seize  
 The spirit of a man, and so at ease  
 Doth set the soul, the Spirit of the Lord  
 Doth then with might accompany the word;

In which it sets forth Christ as crucified,  
 And by that means the Father pacified  
 With such a wretch was thou, and by this sight,  
 Thy guilt is in the first place put to flight,  
 For thus the Spirit doth expostulate:  
 Behold how God doth now communicate  
 (By changing of the person) grace to thee  
 A sinner, but to Christ great misery,  
 Though he the just one was, and so could not  
 Deserve this punishment; behold, then, what  
 The love of God is! how 'tis manifest,  
 And where the reason lies that thou art blest.  
 This doctrine being spoken to the heart,  
 Which also is made yield to every part  
 Thereof, it doth the same with sweetness fill,  
 And so doth sins and wickednesses kill;  
 For when the love of God is thus reveal'd,  
 And thy poor drooping spirit thereby seal'd,  
 And when thy heart, as dry ground, drinks this  
 in  
 Unto the roots thereof, which nourish sin,  
 It smites them, as the worm did Jonah's gourd,  
 And makes them dwindle of their own accord,  
 And die away; instead of which there springs  
 Up life and love, and other holy things.  
 Besides, the Holy Spirit now is come,  
 And takes possession of thee as its home;  
 By which a war maintained always is  
 Against the old man and the deeds of his.  
 When God at first upon mount Sinai spake,  
 He made his very servant Moses quake;  
 But when he heard the law the second time,  
 His heart was comforted, his face did shine.  
 What was the reason of this difference,  
 Seeing no change was in the ordinance,  
 Although a change was in the manner, when  
 The second time he gave it unto men?  
 At first 'twas given in severity,  
 In thunder, blackness, darkness, tempest high,  
 In fiery flames it was delivered.  
 This struck both Moses and the host as dead;  
 But Moses, when he went into the mount  
 The second time, upon the same account  
 No fear, nor dread, nor shaking of his mind,  
 Do we in all the holy Scripture find;  
 But rather in his spirit he had rest,  
 And look'd upon himself as greatly blest.  
 He was put in the rock, he heard the name,  
 Which on the mount the Lord did thus  
 proclaim:

The Lord, merciful, gracious, and more,  
 Long-suffering, and keeping up in store  
 Mercy for thousands, pardoning these things,  
 Iniquity, transgressions, and sins,  
 And holding guilty none but such as still  
 Refuse forgiveness, of rebellious will.

This proclamation better pleased him  
 Than all the thunder and the light'ning.  
 Which shook the mount, this rid him of his  
 fear,  
 This made him bend, make haste, and worship  
 there.

Jehoshaphat, when he was sore opprest  
 By Amnon and by Moab, and the rest  
 Of them that sought his life, no rest he found,  
 Until a word of faith became a ground  
 To stay himself upon; O, then they fell,  
 His very song became their passing-bell.  
 Then holiness of heart a consequence  
 Of faith in Christ is, for it flows from thence;  
 The love of Christ in truth constraineth us,  
 Of love sincerely to make judgment thus:  
 He for us died that for ever we  
 Might die to sin, and Christ his servants be.  
 O! nothing's like to the remembrance  
 Of what it is to have deliverance  
 From death and hell, which is of due our right,  
 Nothing, I say, like this to work delight  
 In holy things; this like live honey runs,  
 And needs no pressing out of honey-combs.

[LOVE INDUCING CHRISTIAN  
 CONDUCT.]

Then understand my meaning by my words,  
 How sense of mercy unto faith affords  
 Both grace to sanctify, and holy make  
 That soul that of forgiveness doth partake.  
 Thus having briefly showed you what is  
 The way of life, or sanctity, of bliss,  
 I would not in conclusion have you think,  
 By what I say, that Christian men should drink  
 In these my words with lightness, or that they  
 Are now exempted from what every day  
 Their duty is. No, God doth still expect,  
 Yea, doth command, that they do not neglect  
 To pray, to read, to hear, and not dissent  
 From being sober, grave, and diligent  
 In watching, self-denial, and with fear  
 To serve him all the time thou livest here.

Indeed I have endeavoured to lay  
 Before your eyes the right and only way  
 Pardon to get, and also holiness,  
 Without which never think that God will bless  
 Thee with the kingdom he will give to those  
 That Christ embrace, and holy lives do choose  
 To live, while here all others go astray,  
 And shall in time to come be cast away.

FROM MOUNT EBAL.

Thus having heard from Gerizzim, I shall  
 Next come to Ebal, and you thither call,  
 Not there to curse you, but to let you hear  
 How God doth curse that soul that shall appear  
 An unbelieving man, a graceless wretch;  
 Because he doth continue in the breach  
 Of Moses' law, and also doth neglect  
 To close with Jesus; him will God reject  
 And cast behind him; for of right his due  
 Is that from whence all miseries ensue.  
 Cursed, saith he, are thy that do transgress  
 The least of my commandments, more or less.  
 Nothing that written is must broken be,  
 But always must be kept unto by thee,  
 And must fulfilled be; for here no man  
 Can look God in the face, or ever stand  
 Before the judgment-seat; for if they be  
 Convict, condemned too assuredly.  
 Now keep this law no mortal creature can,  
 For they already do, as guilty, stand  
 Before the God that gave it; so that they  
 Obnoxious to the curse lie every day,  
 Which also they must feel for certainty,  
 If unto Jesus Christ they do not fly.  
 Hence, then, as they for ever shall be blest,  
 That do by faith upon the promise rest,  
 So peace unto the wicked there is none;  
 'Tis wrath and death that they must feed upon.  
 That what I say may some impression make  
 On carnal hearts, that they in time may take  
 That course that best will prove when time is  
 done,  
 These lines I add to what I have begun.

First, thou must know that God, as he is love  
 So he is justice, therefore cannot move,  
 Or in the least be brought to favour those  
 His holiness and justice doth oppose.

For though thou mayst imagine in thy heart  
That God is this or that, yet if thou art  
At all besides the truth of what he is,  
And so dost build thy hope for life amiss,  
Still he the same abideth, and will be  
The same, the same for ever unto thee.

As God is true unto his promise, so  
Unto his threat'ning he is faithful too.  
Cease to be God he must, if he should break  
One tittle that his blessed mouth did speak.

Now, then, none can be saved but the men  
With whom the Godhead is contented when  
It them beholds with the severest eye  
Of justice, holiness, and yet can spy  
No fault nor blemish in them; these be they  
That must be saved, as the Scriptures say.

If this be true, as 'tis assuredly,  
Woe be to them that wicked live and die;  
Those that as far from holiness have been  
All their life long as if no eye had seen  
Their doings here, or as if God did not  
At all regard, or in the least mind what,  
Wherein, or how they did his law transgress,  
Either by this or other wickedness;  
But how deceived these poor creatures are,  
They then shall know when they their burthen  
bear.

Alas, our God is a consuming fire;  
So is his law, by which he doth require  
That thou submit to him, and if thou be  
Not in that justice found that can save thee  
From all and every sentence which he spake  
Upon mount Sinai, then as one that brake  
It, thou the flames thereof shall quickly find  
As scourges thee to lash, while sins do bind  
Thee hand and foot, for ever to endure  
The strokes of vengeance for thy life impure.

What I have said will yet evinced be,  
And manifest abundantly to thee,  
If what I have already spoken to  
Be joined with these lines that do ensue.  
Justice discovers its antipathy  
Against profaneness and malignity.  
Not only by the law it gave to men,  
And threatenings thereunto annexed then.  
But inasmuch as long before that day,  
He did prepare for such as go astray,  
That dreadful, that so much amazing place—  
Hell, with its torments—for those men that  
grace

And holiness of life slight and disdain,  
There to bemoan themselves with hellish pain.

This place, also, the pains so dismal be,  
Both as to name and nature, that in me  
It is not to express the damning wights,  
The hellish torture, and the fearful plights  
Thereof; for as intolerable they  
Must needs be found, by those that disobey  
The Lord, so can no word or thought express  
Unto the full the height of that distress;  
Such miserable caitiffs, that shall there  
Rebukes of vengeance, for transgressions bear.

Indeed the holy Scriptures do make use  
Of many metaphors, that do conduce  
Much to the symbolizing of the place,  
Unto our apprehension; but the case—  
The sad, the woful case—of those that lie  
As racked there in endless misery,  
By all similitudes no mortals may  
Set forth in its own nature; for I say  
Similitudes are but a shade, and show  
Of those or that they signify to you.  
The fire that doth within thine oven burn,  
The prison where poor people sit and mourn,  
Chains, racks, and darkness, and such others,  
be

As painting on the wall, to let thee see  
By word and figures the extremity  
Of such as shall within these burnings lie.

But certainly, if wickedness and sin  
Had only foolish toys and trifles been,  
And if God had not greatly hated it,  
Yea, could he any ways thereof admit,  
And let it pass, he would not thus have done.  
He doth not use to punish any one  
With any place or punishment that is  
Above or sharper than the sin of his  
Hath merited, and justice seeth due;  
Read sin, then, by the death that doth ensue.

Most men do judge of sin, not by the fruits  
It bears and bringeth forth, but as it suits  
Their carnal and deluded hearts, that be  
With sensual pleasures eaten up; but he  
That now so judgeth, shortly shall perceive  
That God will judge thereof himself, and leave  
Such men no longer to their carnal lusts,  
To judge of wickedness, and of the just  
And righteous punishment that doth of right  
Belong thereto; and will, too, in despite

Of all their carnal reason, justify  
Himself, in their eternal misery.  
Then hell will be no fancy, neither will  
Men's sins be pleasant to them; but so ill  
And bitter, yea, so bitter, that none can  
Fully express the same, or ever stand  
Under the burden it will on them lay,  
When they from life and bliss are sent away.

When I have thought how often God doth  
speak  
Of their destruction, who HIS law do break;  
And when the nature of the punishment  
I find so dreadful, and that God's intent,  
Yea, resolution is, it to inflict  
On every sinner that shall stand convict,  
I have amazed been, yet to behold,  
To see poor sinners yet with sin so bold,  
That like the horse that to the battle runs,  
Without all fear, and that no danger shuns,  
Till down he falls. O resolute attempts!  
O sad, amazing, damnable events!  
The end of such proceedings needs must be,  
From which, O Lord, save and deliver me.  
But if thou think that God thy noble race  
Will more respect, than into such a place  
To put thee; hold, though thou his offspring be,  
And so art lovely, yet sin hath made thee  
Another kind of creature than when thou  
Didst from his fingers drop, and therefore now  
Thy first creation stands thee in no stead;  
Thou hast transgressed, and in very deed  
Set God against thee, who is infinite,  
And that for certain never will forget  
Thy sins, nor favour thee if thou shalt die  
A graceless man; this is thy misery.

When angels sinned, though of higher race  
Than thou, and also put in higher place,  
Yet them he spared not, but cast them down  
From heaven to hell; where also they lie bound  
In everlasting chains, and no release  
Shall ever have, but wrath, that shall increase  
Upon them, to their everlasting woe.  
As for the state they were exalted to,

That will by no means mitigate their fear,  
But aggravate their hellish torment here;  
For he that highest stands, if he shall fall,  
His danger needs must be the great'st of all.  
Now if God noble angels did not spare  
Because they did transgress, will he forbear

Poor dust and ashes? Will he suffer them  
To break his law, and sin, and not condemn  
Them for so doing? Let not man deceive  
Himself or others; they that do bereave  
Themselves by sin of happiness, shall be  
Cut off by justice, and have misery.

Witness his great severity upon  
The world that first was planted, wherein none  
But only eight the deluge did escape,  
All others of that vengeance did partake;  
The reason was, that world ungodly stood  
Before him, therefore he did send the flood,  
Which swept them all away. A just reward  
For their most wicked ways against the Lord,  
Who could no longer bear them and their ways,  
Therefore into their bosom vengeance pays.  
We read of Sodom, and Gomorrah too,  
What judgments they for sin did undergo;  
How God from heaven did fire upon them rain,  
Because they would not wicked ways refrain;  
Condemning of them with an overthrow,  
And turned them to ashes. Who can know  
The miseries that these poor people felt  
While they did underneath those burnings melt?  
Now these, and many more that I could name,  
That have been made partakers of the flame  
And sword of justice, God did then cut off,  
And make examples unto all that scoff  
At holiness, or do the gospel slight;  
And long it will not be before the night  
And judgment, painted out by what he did  
To Sodom and Gomorrah, fulfilled  
Upon such sinners be, that they may now  
That God doth hate the sin, and persons too.  
Of such as still rebellious shall abide,  
Although they now at judgment may deride.